Level of courty Democrat. Conton, Olive, Thursday, Hone 28 1877.

The Democrat.

Circulation -

2,700

"No man worthy of the office of President should be willing to hold it if counted in or placed there by any fraud. Either party can afford to be disappointed in the result, but the country cannot afford to have the result tanted by the suspicion of illegal or false returns.'



"I crow because my candidate has 264,000 majority on the popular vote; and 23 majority of

VOTES STOLEN FROM DEMOCRATS FRAUDS ELECT A PRESIDENT.

A RECORD TO BE KEPT STANDING.

The popular vote of Florida "as actually cast:"
For Tilden and Hendricks....
For Hayes and Wheeler.....

Majority for Tilden and Hendricks..... 90 The electoral vote of Florida as actually

ally cast: For Tilden and Hendricks.... For Hayes and Wheeler..... Majority for Tilden and Hendricks.... 6,686 The electoral vote of Louisiana as act-

ually stolen: Actual electoral majority for Tilden and Hendricks... Nominal electoral majority for Hayes and Wheeler Popular majority for Tilden and Hend-ricks

Here we have twelve electoral votes absolutely stolen—a popular majority of 264,705 votes reversed and 4,315,801 voters disfranchised by Republican crime.

STARK COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CEN-TRAL COMMITTEE.

The members of the Stark County Democratic Central Committee elected last Saturday, are requested to meet at the Ogden House, Canton, Saturday afternoon, June 30th. It is hoped the full membership will be present, as business of importance will be brought before the committee for consideration.

JOHNSON SHERRICK, Chairman.

QUEEN VICTORIA sends her sympathy to the St John's sufferers, but not £1,000.

Ir looks as if England would soon take a hand, by sending 20,000 troops to Egypt ostensibly to guard the Suez canal.

THE Akron Beacon and Ravenna Hayes Republican Democrat are severely, personally and vituperatively disputing. Brethren should dwell in harmony,

THE vote recently taken in Minnesota, a Republican State, is in favor of flat repudiation of the just debts of that Commonwealth, and the rural discricts carried the sway.

THE Democrat fails to publish the name of Jasper Gibbons as Central Committeeman of Alliance precinct,-Alliance Lead-

Say, rather, the Secretary of the Central Committee failed to give us the name.

THE English anti-slavery society honored old William Lloyd Garrison with a reception and breakfast at Devonshire House, London, on Tuesday. In his speech Mr. Garrison said Mr. Hayes had taken a false step in yielding to the South.

THE Steubenville Gazette and Cincinnati Enquirer are speaking out against Senator Thurman and Ike Miller. Ike is chairman of the Executive Committee of Hamilton county, and Judge Thurman is a Democrat in the United States Senate from Ohio.

THERE were thirty graduates at Woos ter University, Thursday. The following degrees were conferred: Hon. Samuel M. Moore, of Chicago, LL. D.; Gustave C. E. Weber, of Cleveland, LL. D.; Hon. John McSweeney, of Wooster, LL. D.; and Prof. J. McMartin, of Athens, D. D.

THE wind and rain storm of Monday evening extended pretty generally over the country, doing damage in some local-Ities where the wind was violent. Several buildings were unroofed at Tiffin. At Springfield, Ohio, a little girl who had taken shelter in a barn was killed, the barn being blown away. The crops are much damaged in Illinois, Indiana and this State.

GRANT is still being lionized in England. At Trinity House corporation banquet, on the night of the 23d inst., the Prince of Wales made a speech, and spoke of "the greatest pleasure it has given us to see him as a guest of this country." Gen. Grant replied happily, of fraud at their nominations. And cauin fact practice improves him. He con-

THE CURRENCY.

"We need more circulating medium," ays an exchange.

This is acknowledging business stagnation-the invariable result when the paper money bubble has culminated and collapsed. Gouge, in his "History of American Paper Money," confirms this, and remarks, that the "perilous use of paper money invariably ends in making real money scarce;" because it impover-

ishes and robs business and labor. It is first, expansion; then over activity and extravagance in every direction, until exhaustion comes, the bottom falls out, panic is widespread, stagnation, distress, and long years thereafter of suffering toil in all departments of business and labor. So it repeats-"the same rehearsal of the Past."

Last week we illustrated by water running and water stagnant. The moving stream is powerful for good-not so the governed" people. stagnant water. So with the currency; if sound, with a reliable, inherent value, it commands and inspires confidence, and moves actively from hand to hand, driving briskly the wheels of business and trade.

We do not believe in the hair of the dog curing the bite. Folly cures not folly. A repetition of wrong only makes bad, worse. The mistake consists in government interfering with values and business, by the fallacious systems of paper money and tariffs for protection. These are only schemes of those who would use government as an instrument for their own selfish purposes.

The wise and good of all times have opposed thus hampering by absurd laws he energies of man. Over legislation in all ages has been the obstacle to human progress. The true objects of government are wofully misconceived. These are few and simple. Mr. Buckle, in his 'History of Civilization" distinctly says, that "to maintain order, to prevent the strong from oppressing the weak, and to adopt certain precautions respecting the public health, are the only services which any government can render to the cause of civilization."

THE OHIO CANALS.

The Lessees of the State Canals have given notice that after the first of December next, to which time they have paid rent, they will abandon those canals to the State. The reason given is that the State has taken from them a large basin at the Cincinnati end of the Miami Canal and permitted the citizens of Hamilton ting the canal about a mile from the city docks. Also a while ago the Legislature permitted the Cleveland end of the Ohio Canal to be considerably curtailed, al-

The Lessees claim the agreement was for the canals as they were at the time of making the lease, which runs until 1881, and as the State has seen fit to materially change the condition of the canals without securing the consent of the Lessees, the contract is no longer binding on the

though the Lessees as yet have the use

of the portion surrendered by the State

THE rebels of Peru had an iron-clad, the Huascar, and she had an engagement on May 28th with the government ironclad frigate, Independencia, which lasted an hour and a half, till dark ended it. The Huascar retired during the night. The Independencia lost two men and her smoke stack. The evening of the next day the Huascar, out at sea from Ilo, was attacked by two British ships, the Shah and Amethyst, for depredations on the Royal mail steamers, in stopping and taking coal from them. The Huascar retired, and next day surrendered to the Peruvian government commander. This is the first engagement with iron-clads on the Pacific ocean. When news of the British vessels having assaulted the rebel Husscar reached Lima, the capital, intense excitement was raised among the natives against the British colony in that city. For a time a general tumult and bloodshed was feared, but troops were brought and dispersed the rioters.

GOVERNOR ROBINSON, of New York, expresses himself highly pleased with the interview he had with Governor Hampton, of South Corolina. The latter assured him that South Carolina would repudiate no part of her indebtedness whatever; that the people were determined the United States in every respect. Governor Robinson thinks Governor Hampton's policy is destined to prove a great blessing to South Carolina, and through that State to the whole South.

THE Mollie Maguire executions Pennsylvania took place according to order. A long and full account will be found in this paper. The leaders of this organization have for years been the hired political tools of the Radical leaders in that State. Kehoe, who is in jail under sentence, and awaiting the decision of a writ of error, received \$1,000 in 1875 for using his influence for Hartranft and the radical ticket.

THE Mollie Maguires are at their murderous work again, The execution of

16th inst, the delegate system carried, and henceforth there will be no danger

A FEW WORDS FOR HOWELLS.

WARMINGTON COAL SHAFT, June 24, 1877.

Editor Stark County Democrat: Whilst I would indulge in no illiberal attack on any class or profession in their pursuit of position and preferment in the periodical tournaments for official prizes for I think I am not subject of that

"Base envy which withers at another's joy, And hates the excellence it cannot reach." Yet I have always thought that the nearer we can approach the laboring masses in the selection of representative men for all positions of honor and trust, the nearer we will arrive at absolute economy in the management of public affairs, and reduce the ratio of shrinkage and loss, either through incapacity or lack of integrity, to its minimum cost which condition of things would aggre-

such thoughts lead me to introduce the name of a man widely spoken of in north eastern Ohio in connection with the of-fice of Treasurer of State. I mean Mr. Anthony Howells, of Massillon. "He has been there himself, and knows how than twenty-five years ago, we wielded the coal pick together to earn a livelihood for those dependent upon us for subsist-ence; since when, by force of persever-ance and indomitable energy, he has ad vanced his position in life, until he has become the peer of the best in business culture and enviable notoriety. Whilst I remain far below the surface to prose-

'In life's morning march when our bosoms wer their votes irrespective of party ties; and who will feel challenged to respond in gratitude to the action of a great party in thus broadly acknowledging the merit of the poor miner boy of twenty-five or

thirty years ago.

I trust the party to which he is so devotedly attached, with their well studied tactics and usually will directed conclusions, will place him on their ticket, and note how promptly the shackles of claw or party will be snapped to promote his success, by his,

BROTHER MINERS.

THE delegate system, we are glad to see, has carried, though only by a small Atna, \$22,000; Hartford, \$200,000; majority. Now let us give it a fair, honest trial in the future. Let the friends of the popular vote system acquiesce in the the popular vote system acquiesce in the \$300,000; Royal Insurance Company, there plan as others have acquiesced in other plan, as others have acquiesced in \$500,000; Standacona, \$300,000, Lanthe popular vote system. We firmly because, \$500,000; Queen \$500,000; North lieve it will be found a better means of British and Merchantile, 600,000; Guargethe canal about a mile from the city selection of candidates. It will remove the many grave objections which have Globe, \$150,000; Northern, \$200,000; sxisted in the past. At any rate let us test its morits, and if honest delegates cannot be found, if corrupt men, who will sell themselves, get into our Convention, then we will either make a better search for men of integrity, or we will abandon the system, and seek for some-

thing better .- Repository. Yes, we learn it went through as the old Pennsylvania crazy Dutch Justice sent himself to heaven-"mit a tamt tight squeeze."

THE class of people known as "Softas," in Turkey, are those attached to the mosques in any capacity, but more especially to students who are initiated in the upper branches of religious instruction in the mosques, and who constitute a corporation long after the completion of their learned pursuits. They form an influential body in Mohammedan society, and number about 20,000 in Constantinople.

THE exclusion of the Jew banker, Seligman, from the A. T. Stewart Grand Union hotel at Saratoga continues to engage the Press and the Pulpit. On our 6th page will be found Mr. Seligman's letter and Judge Hilton's reply, with other articles of comment and remark.

In France an appeal is taken to the country, and a new House of Assembly will soon be chosen. The vote in the Senate adjourning the House sine die was close, being carried by 20 majority. Gam- left in the gutter on Prince William

being to use this force in aid of the other to show themselves worthy citizens of larger bodies about to cross over further

FISHER, THE MOLLIE, TO HANG.

Harrisburg, June 25.—John P. Fisher, or whose execution the Governor toissued a warrant, was a witness to the killing of Morgan Powell by Yellow other deaths were rumored, but it is dif-Jack Donohue, and a prominent instiga-ficult to ascertain facts, as it is hard to find even a well known citizen who for-as many Mollie Magnires, with which to reward Donohue, who was hanged last week, and paid the money to the murderer at a meeting at Tamaqua a short time afterward. He is considered one of the worst men in the coal region. Fisher was convicted on the 18th of Decem-

HALSTEAD RAPPING SHERMAN'S KNUCK as,-The opinion promulgated from the derous work again. The execution of ten Mollies was speedily followed by two murders, and the mysterious disappearance of two witnesses against the executed Mollies. McParlan, the detective, on whose testimony most of the murderers were convicted, had better give the coal regions of Pennsylvania a wide berth.

Ar the Republican Primaries, on the legislation of the four per cent bonds in gold is a weak document, though smartly worded. It cannot be denied that the bonds are payable in allver dollars, will be payable in it, but the silver dollar will then not be of "less value" than the gold dollar, but equal to it in all transactions. This is the bottom fact.—Civil Commercial. Treasury Department on the question of

in fact practice improves him. He concluded by thanking His Royal Highness precincts and carry them by lies and big and company.

St. John is \$7,000,000, which, according to some estimates of the loss, will pay shout fifty per cent of the latter. The total amount of the insurance at

THE ST. JOHN'S FIRE.

Further Details of the Sad Calamity.

Relief Forwarded Bounteously to the Stricken City.

Three Fourths of St. John, N. B., Destroyed at Last Accounts, and the Flames Still Raging-Loss to Date of Dispatch \$15,000,000

Bostos, June 20. A great fire is ragng in St. John, New Brunswick, All the public buildings, the three principal hotels and all the newspaper offices are burned. About three fourths of the city is destroyed. The fire is still raging, gate immense savings to our "too much and is beyond control. LATER,-The fire in St. John com-

menced in McLaughlin's boiler works, York Point slip. Half of the city is gone Victoria Hotel, the Academy of Music, the telegraph offices, all newspaper of it is." Of the same nationality, he and I fices, all the best houses, the north and never harmonized politically, but have south wharves, Dock street, Market always been personal friends since, more Square, Prince William street, King street all the way down to lower Cove, and a part of Germanie street, are burned. Several lives are reported lost.

The loss is thought to exceed \$6,000, ooo, Thousands of people are homeless and in despair. The destruction of provisions of all kinds seems to point to cute the business we started in together, famine and relief must come in speedily or many must perish from want. Few saved even their clothes. The fire is From valley to valley, where coal is mined, Anthony has acquaintances, and where he has acquaintances Le has friends, who will be glad to aid him with self for want of material to keep it alive

The wind has died down, but the fire is still burning fiercely. The gas works are destroyed and the remainder of the city is in darkness. The area burned i nearly two hundred acres. There i frightful destitution.

ST. Johns, June 22.-The number of dead has increased to 38. One woman was burned to death on her own door

Insurance and Losses. The following is a list of the total risks held by several insurance companies within the bouns of the burned section of the city: Imperial of London, \$310,000; dian, \$400,000, Liverpool and London Royal Canadian, \$400,000, Provincial, \$200,000; Citizens' and Commercial Fire and Marine, \$200,000; St John Mutual, \$75,000; Central, of Frederick, \$70,000. The total loss has been estimated, as nearly as possible, at from \$12,000,000 to 15,000,000, and the total amount of in-

surance at about \$6,000,000. Another Fire and a Welcome Rain.

About 2.45 o'clock this morning the dreaded alarm was again given of another fire which had started in the brick building at York Point Slip, occupied by W. A. Spence and J. & T. Robinson. Ir ten minutes the flames had worked through the roof, threatening danger to the building on the opposite side of Smith street, and the occupants prepared to leave, but the fire department worked so effectively that all danger was passed in half an hour, the fire being confined to where it started.

There is no doubt that an incendiary hand was at work, for not three minutes before the fire was observed there was no signs of it. The building was stored with valuable goods saved from other premises.

There has been a fall of rain since early last night, which had the effect of checking the flames to a great extent mong the smouldering ruins.

Horrible Scenes Witnessed.

While the fire was raging John Furnbull and his son James attempted to rescue a partly insane lady from the flames. She struggled and held back until their clothes catching fire forced them to drop her. She was burned to death in the street. A drunken man was betta is confident that those opposed to street, and perished. The remains of despotic rule will secure a large majority. two persons, burned beyond recognition are in the dead house. In Smyth street, in the early stage of the fire a woman's Ar last the war has begun to begin on horror stricken face appeared at an upthe Danube. A Russian force of a few per window with her child in her arms thousand crossed at Ibrail and no doubt A wave of flames swept past the window means business, the intention probably and mother and child were seen no more. Other deaths reported are as follows Garrett Cotter and Peter McGovern, killed by a falling wall, Thomas Holmes and James Kemps, drowned while attempting to save goods in an overloaded boat; Mrs. William Coholan. supposed to be lost, Mrs. Lyons and Mrs. Cassiday supposed to have been burned in Mrs Lyon's shop; Samuel Corbett, furniture maker, and a youth named Fox. Many

Belief for the Sufferers.

New York, June 21 .- The following subscription for the St John's sufferers are reported: Philadelphia Commercial Exchange, \$1,000; Maritime Exchange. \$2,000; Hamilton [Ont.] City Council, \$1,500 Board of Trade, \$1,000; Toronto Board of Trade, \$10,000; Boston [Mass] meeting, \$5,000, Buffalo [N. Y.] contributes a large amount. EASTPORT, June 22.-Large quantities

of cooked provisions have been collected here this morning to be sent to St. John. C. T. Hersey, president of the interna-tional line of steamers, sent a steamer to Portland to take on board a large quantity of flour and meat, with instructions to employ all the cooks of the steamers in preparing the food for distribution on her arrival at St. John to day.

CHICAGO, June 22 .- The work of raising money and collecting the necessaries of life for the St. John people is proceeding rapidly. The Mayor has called a PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—The Right Rev. Bishop Stevens has issued a circular to the clergy and congregations of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diccese of Pennsylvania, reciting the disas-trous results of the fire at St. John, and

requesting the act at once in securing promptly such rid as will assist in relieving the wants of the sufferers.

TORONTO, June 22.—The following contributions in aid of St. John was reported to day: Toronty City Corpora-tion, \$20,000 London, \$5,000; Ottowa, \$5,000; Sarnia, \$1,000. A handsome private subscription of money and clothing has been raised in every town and village of the dominion.

New York, June 22 .- A meeting of Canadians was held this evening in Cooper Institute to devise means for relieving sufferers by the fire at St. John. Re marks were made by Mr. Archibald, British Consul, and others. A committee was finally appointed to draw up a plan for obtaining necessary relief, to report at a future meeting.

BANGOR, Me., June 22,—Six thousand

dollars were subscribed for St. John. OTTAWA, June 22 .- The government placed \$20,000 to the credit of the relief committee of St. John. Military stores, tents, etc., were also sent from Montreal, Halifax and Quebec.

HARASSING HAYES.

Pennsylvania Republicans Disgusted at His Order-Kemble Reveals Some Interesting Secrets-Money Raised in Philadelphia Sent to Hayes Direct.

PHILADELPHIA, June 26.—Leading Republicans here do not conceal their disgust at the order of Hayes divorcing office holders from party politics. Among the most outspoken is W. H Kemble. He says the order is palpably insincere, and gives this revelation of the inside workings of his party: "Some time ago Mr. Schurz wrote out a fine speech, which he agreed to deliver three times a week for \$500 per week for us, and we took in in Pennsylvania to the extent of \$1,500. We raised the money, and partly by contribution from Republicans of means, but Mr. Schurz didn't stop to inquire who paid the money. Hayes had everything at stake in carrying Ohio in October of last year. Had he lost that State there would have been a Tilden whirlwind in November that would have whitwind in November that we went not only Ohio but Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Nevada, Oregon and California. Only by President Hayes and his friends appealing to us for money to put into the contest. Secretary Sherman and Governor Dennison wrote the most importunate letters to us for money. The State that gave us a Civil Service Presid nt, a Cabinet officer and any number of other officials-practical civil service so far as not to pay their own money to the campaign, but they called then Pennsylvania to do it for them. Secretary Sherman then appealed to men whom he knew had profited by the government, received money from them, and has since rewarded the parties by profitable contracts. As to the President his case is worse. We made assessments here in Philadelphia on the office holders, every dollar of which was sent to Ohio, in addition to other large amounts sent there, and some of which was sent directly to President Hayes himself. It would be unchartable to say that the President since used the money for political purpose, as any other used of it would be a breach of trust that would warrant the Pennsylvania politicians in calling upon him for an account rendered. Then in 1875, when President Hayes was dragged through Ohio by the ears, the same appeal was upon us, the same measures employed to raise money to save him and a liberal contribution was made from this city, just on the eve of the election, that had much to do with his narrow escape from defeat."

LYNCHING OF A NEGRO IN ARKAN SAS-FOR A MURDER OF FOUR YEARS AGO.

At Lonoke, twenty-five miles east of Little Rock, on the Memphis & Little Rock Railroad, about 1 o'clock, a colored man who had been arrested Sunday, charged with being one of the parties engaged in the murder of the three citizens of Lonoke county four years ago, and who was awaiting the arrival of a train to be transported to Little Rock in charge of s guard, was killed by a party of three masked men. The negro was being guarded in a wooden building when the three men rode up, warned the guards to get out of the way and commenced shooting. The negro was fatally wounded and died on Monday. L. A. Beard, a prominent citizen who was in the house, on coming out to see the cause of the disturbance, was severely wounded in two places, the maskers having taken him for the negro. Beard will probably recover.

A DIVORCED WIFE,

In her Sorrow She Kills her little Girl and Then herself.

The lady who killed berself and her child at Sing Sing Saturday was Mrs. Mary Virginia Burill, not Mrs. Hubbell, as previously reported. She was the wife of John Burrill, a wealthy real estate and insurance agent of Brooklyn. She has for some time been considered as insane, and last years was confined in an insane asylum at Flat Bush for three weeks. Last week she visited her husband in Brooklyn, and learned from him that he had obtained a divorce from her. She returned to Sing Sing and got posses sion of a large navy revolver, with which she first shot her daughter, Alma Haskins, a child by her former husband, and then shot herself. It is said the news of the divorce was the primary cause of the suicide and murder.

THE INDIAN WAR.

San Francisco, June 26 - A press dis-patch from Portland has the following dispatch from a special correspondent just received from Fort Lapwai, dated 24 via Walla Walla: A courier has just come from General Howard. Colonel Perry, with his command, has joined the General at Norton's Station, on Little Cottonwood, about sixty miles from here. Troops here will start to join them to-morrow on Joseph, who is reported to be between Little Salmon and Snake river, mass meeting for Monday to consider between Little Salmon and Snake river, the question. Subscriptions are coming at Horse-Shoe bend, about 15 miles south of Mount Idaho.

MOLLY MAGUIRES.

The Executions Thursday at Potts-ville, Mauch Chunk and Wilkesbarre

ELEVEN MEN EXPLATE THEIR CRIMES ON THE GALLOWS.

The Closing Scenes of an Eventful and Tragic History.

THE CRIMES FOR WHICH THE ELEVEN SUFFERED.

Progress and Power of the Mollies in Pennsylvania.

HOW IT WAS BROKEN, AND BY WHOM.

The Mollie Maguire murderers of the anthracite region underwent the extreme penalty of the law on Thursday. At Pottsville, Carroll, McGeehan, Roarity, Duffy and Boyle were hung for the murder of Policeman Yost at Tamaqua, Schuylkill county, and Thomas Munley for the murder of Thomas Sanger; at Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, Campbell, Doyle and Kelly were hung for the murder of Morgan Powell; and at Wilkesbarre, Luzerne county, Anthony Lanachan for the murder of John Reilly -making eleven executions all in one day in adjoining counties. At Bloomsburg, Columbia county, there are now in jail Patrick Hester, Patrick McHugh, and Patrick Tully, murderers of Alexander Rae, who have been saved from execution on the 9th of August by a writ of error. The case of John Keho, confined in the Pottsville jail convicted of the murder of F. S. Langdon, in 1862, also comes up under a writ of error in the Supreme Court at the next term in Pittsburgh. All of these men, excepting one, Lanahan, are so-called "Molly Maguires." In addition to these men executed, or under capital sentence, a number of Mollies have been convicted of lower grades of felony and are now in the State's prison. We give below a sketch of the Mollie Maguire conspiracy, as developed in the trials, and some account of the particular murders for which the condemned men were executed, but these, it must be understood. were not a tithe of the crimes for which the secret society is responsible. They are only the offences that justice has been able to fasten on some of the guilty ones, by one of the most costly and romantic prosecutions known to our criminal jurisprudence:

The Mollies in Ireland and America.

"Molly Magnireism" in the anthracite

coal region of Pennsylvania was, for it is coal region of Pennsylvania was, for it is a thing of the past, what the "Maguires," the "Whiteboys," "Ribbon-men" and other societies of a kindred character were in Ireland almost a centuary ago, with the difference that in Ireland the members of the secret society were moved by patriotism and a desire to free a country they believed to be oppressed, while in Pennsylvania the "Mollies" were without a motive for even banding themselves into a secret society. The num-berless crimes that have been committed by the latter can only be attributed to an unnatural thirst for blood and to mistaken idea that through a system of murder and terrorism, they would be enabled to obtain power and wealth otherwise than through the usual channels. The term "Molly Maguire" has only of late pears been applied to the desperadoes of the coal region. Fifteen years ago they were known as the "Buckshots," and during the draft converted part of Luzerne and Carbon counties into a perfect hell. The assassins and robbers invariably escape punishment by intimidation. or perjury of witnesses and jurors. Mig-Parlan, the Irish detective who connected himself with the order in 1873, testified on the witness stand that the Molly Maguires was but another name for the branches of the A. O. H. which are located in the coal region. He succeeded in obtaining the position of Secretary of a division. He stated that the order had its origin and fountain head in Ireland, The name of Molly Maguires was simply a transser of the name of the wild band of maskers who terrorized Tipperrary and the adjoining counties of Ireland in the days of the land riots.) From Ireland came the pass-words and signals issued quarterly to the subordinate branches in other parts of the world. The initiation is simple. The novitiate kneels bareheaded while a document called a test is read to him. The test consists the converse to be characteristically as the converse to the characteristics. contains the general rules to be observed. They are to obey the officers in all things lawful, but not otherwise, to report if they hear members ill-spoken of, and to keep the secrets of the organization. The candidate then kisses the test and is declared a member There is a national office in the United States with headquarters in New York. The national officers are selected by the State officers, who are selected by the county officers, who are chosen by the division officers, who in turn are elected by the members of their division. The chief division officer is the body master. McParlan stated however, that the practice of the organization in this country was widely different from the precepts laid down in the test, constitution and by-laws. Punishment is never inflicted for crimes committed on persons outside of the order. On the contrary, such conduct is highly esteemed, and if a member informs on another who has committed crime he is expelled. When a member has a grievance against an outsider, he lays his case before the head of his division or lodge, who is called the body master, and it is considered by his officer, together with the most trustworthy members of the lodge, and those only. If the offen-der's death is determined on, the body master of a neighboring division is called on to furnish men to do the work who are unknown to the intended victim, the

understanding being that the courtesy will be reciprocated when required,